

# Spartan Chemical Company, Inc. **Material Safety Data Sheet**

SECTION I: PRODUCT INFORMATION

Spartan Chemical Company, Inc.

Product Name or Number (as it appears on label):

AIRLIFT FRESH SCENT AIR FRESHENER (AEROSOL)

Product Number: 6095

1110 Spartan Drive Maumee, OH 43537 Product Division: Janitorial

Product/Technical Information: 1-(800)-537-8990 Medical Emergency: 1-(888)-314-6171 (24 hours)

Chemical Leak/Spil Emergency: CHEMTREC 1-(800) 424-9300 (24 hours)

Shipping Description: ORM-D, Consumer commodity, deodorants, aerosol, n.o.s.

NFPA Ratings:	HMIS Ratings:
Health: 1- Slight	Health: *1 - Slight, Chronic Hazard
Fire: 1- Slight	Fire: 1- Slight
Reactivity: 0 - Minimal	Reactivity: 0 - Minimal
	Pers. Prot. Equip.: See Section VIII

## SECTION II: HAZARDOUS INGREDIENTS

(Listed when present at 1% or greater, carcinogens at 0.1% or greater) All component chemicals are listed or exempted from listing

on the "TSCA Inventory" of chemical substances maintained by the U.S. Environmental Protection Agency.

				Table Z-1-A	-	
Chemical Name(s)	%Wt	CAS Registry No.	TWA mg/m³	STEL mg/m³	CEILING mg/m³	NTP, IARC or OSHA Carcinogen
Liquified petroleum gas	15-20	68476-85-7	1800	Not Established	Not Established	No
Petroleum distillates	5-10	64742-47-8	1200 (Exxon)	Not Established	Not Established	No
Petroleum distillates	1-5	64741-65-7	*2900	Not Established	*1800 (NIOSH)	No
			*525 (ACGIH)			

Comment: \* Limits for Stoddard Solvent - to be used as a guide only.

## SECTION III: PHYSICAL DATA

	Boiling Point: N/A	Vapor Pressure:	Unknown
Vapor [	Pensity (AIR = 1): Heavier than air.	Solubility in Water:	Emulsifiable
	pH: 6.0-8.0	Specific Gravity (H <sub>2</sub> O=1):	Unknown
Evaporation F	ate (but.ace.=1): <1	Percent Solid by Weight:	Unknown
	Physical State: Aerosol can (pressurized liquid)		
App	earance & Odor: "Fresh" fragrance	_	

#### SECTION IV: FIRE & EXPLOSIVE HAZARD DATA

Flash Point: None	Method Used: Estimate		
Flammable Limits: Not Established Explosive Limits: Lower: 1.0% Upper: 9.5%	Flame Extension: 0 Inches NFPA 30B Level 1 Aerosol		
Extinguishing Media: Carbon dioxide, Dry chemical, Water	fog, Foam		
Special Fire Fighting Procedures: Water may be used to cool closed cor	pecial Fire Fighting Procedures: Water may be used to cool closed containers to prevent pressure build-up and possible venting or rupturing when exposed to extreme heat. Wear NIOSH approved self-contained breathing apparatus and		
Unusual Fire & Explosive Hazards: Material gives off vapors which may to of ignition. At elevated temperatures	ravel along the ground and be ignited by pilot lights or other sources (over 120°F/49°C) containers may vent, rupture or burst.		

Threshold Limit Value:	Not Established	Primary Routes of Entry:	Inhalation, Skin Contact, Eyes & O	
		s may include pain, redness, an	d swelling.	
Conditions to Avoid:	May Cause Skin Irritation . Symptom			
	May Cause Respiratory Irritation . In			
	nausea or headache. Prolonged exp	osure above the OSHA permiss	ible exposure limits may result in	
	kidney and liver damage.	amounts of this product aspirat	ad into the respiratory system during	
		<b>May be Harmful if Swallowed.</b> Small amounts of this product aspirated into the respiratory system during negestion or vomiting may cause pulmonary injury.		
	Avoid contact with eyes and skin . Av		mist . Do not swallow . Wash	
	thoroughly after handling .	roid Diodaining product rapole of		
	Intentional misuse by deliberately cor	ncentrating and inhaling the conf	tents may be harmful or fatal.	
Conditions Aggravated by Use:	Use of this product may aggravate pr	<u> </u>		
33	dermatitis.	3 - , , ,	, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,	
Emergency & First Aid Procedures:				
	Flush eyes with water for at least 15 r	minutes. Remove contact lenses	s. Get medical attention if irritation	
·	persists.			
Skin:	Wash thoroughly with soap and wate	r. Get medical attention if irritati	on persists.	
	Do not induce vomiting. Drink one or			
	anything by mouth to an unconscious			
Inhalation:	Move person to fresh air. Get medica	•		
		ar atternation in infration percious.		
ECTION VI: REACTIVITY DATA	·	Incompatible Materials:	Avoid contact with strong oxidizing	
Note to Physician: Contains Petroleum  ECTION VI: REACTIVITY DATA  Stability:	·	Incompatible Materials:	Avoid contact with strong oxidizing agents; strong alkalis and strong mineral acids.	
ECTION VI: REACTIVITY DATA  Stability:	Stable	·	agents; strong alkalis and strong mineral acids.	
ECTION VI: REACTIVITY DATA  Stability:  Hazardous Decomposition Products:	Stable	Incompatible Materials: Hazardous Polymerization:	agents; strong alkalis and strong mineral acids.	
ECTION VI: REACTIVITY DATA  Stability:  Hazardous Decomposition Products:	Stable  Burning can produce carbon	·	agents; strong alkalis and strong mineral acids.	
ECTION VI: REACTIVITY DATA  Stability:  Hazardous Decomposition Products:  ECTION VII: SPILL OR LEAK PROCE  Steps to be Taken in Case	Stable  Burning can produce carbon monoxide, carbon dioxide and phosgene gas  EDURES	Hazardous Polymerization:	agents; strong alkalis and strong mineral acids.  Will Not Occur	
ECTION VI: REACTIVITY DATA  Stability:  Hazardous Decomposition Products:  ECTION VII: SPILL OR LEAK PROCE  Steps to be Taken in Case	Stable  Burning can produce carbon monoxide, carbon dioxide and phosgene gas  EDURES  Ventilate area. Remove all sources of	Hazardous Polymerization:  of ignition. Clean up with inert m	agents; strong alkalis and strong mineral acids.  Will Not Occur	
ECTION VI: REACTIVITY DATA  Stability:  Hazardous Decomposition Products:  ECTION VII: SPILL OR LEAK PROCE  Steps to be Taken in Case Material is Released or Spilled:	Stable  Burning can produce carbon monoxide, carbon dioxide and phosgene gas  EDURES  Ventilate area. Remove all sources of accordance with all local, state and fereignees.	Hazardous Polymerization:  Hazardous Polymerization:  of ignition. Clean up with inert mederal regulations.	agents; strong alkalis and strong mineral acids.  Will Not Occur	
ECTION VI: REACTIVITY DATA  Stability:  Hazardous Decomposition Products:  ECTION VII: SPILL OR LEAK PROCE  Steps to be Taken in Case Material is Released or Spilled:	Burning can produce carbon monoxide, carbon dioxide and phosgene gas  EDURES  Ventilate area. Remove all sources of accordance with all local, state and fellon not puncture or incinerate aerosol	Hazardous Polymerization:  of ignition. Clean up with inert mederal regulations.	agents; strong alkalis and strong mineral acids.  Will Not Occur  aterials and dispose of in may be disposed of through normal	
ECTION VI: REACTIVITY DATA  Stability:  Hazardous Decomposition Products:  ECTION VII: SPILL OR LEAK PROCE  Steps to be Taken in Case Material is Released or Spilled:  Waste Disposal Method:	Burning can produce carbon monoxide, carbon dioxide and phosgene gas  EDURES  Ventilate area. Remove all sources of accordance with all local, state and fellon not puncture or incinerate aerosol channels. Full or partially filled contains	Hazardous Polymerization:  of ignition. Clean up with inert mederal regulations.	agents; strong alkalis and strong mineral acids.  Will Not Occur  aterials and dispose of in may be disposed of through normal	
ECTION VII: REACTIVITY DATA  Stability:  Hazardous Decomposition Products:  ECTION VIII: SPILL OR LEAK PROCE  Steps to be Taken in Case Material is Released or Spilled:  Waste Disposal Method:  ECTION VIII: SPECIAL PROTECTION	Burning can produce carbon monoxide, carbon dioxide and phosgene gas  EDURES  Ventilate area. Remove all sources of accordance with all local, state and fellon not puncture or incinerate aerosol channels. Full or partially filled contains	Hazardous Polymerization:  of ignition. Clean up with inert mederal regulations.  I containers. Empty containers riners are considered hazardous meral ventilation is provided. How on occurs, use of a NIOSH appropriate in the containers of the con	agents; strong alkalis and strong mineral acids.  Will Not Occur  aterials and dispose of in may be disposed of through normal waste.	
ECTION VI: REACTIVITY DATA  Stability:  Hazardous Decomposition Products:  ECTION VII: SPILL OR LEAK PROCE  Steps to be Taken in Case Material is Released or Spilled:  Waste Disposal Method:  ECTION VIII: SPECIAL PROTECTION  Respiratory Protection:	Burning can produce carbon monoxide, carbon dioxide and phosgene gas  EDURES  Ventilate area. Remove all sources of accordance with all local, state and feed to be provided by the container of	Hazardous Polymerization:  of ignition. Clean up with inert mederal regulations.  I containers. Empty containers riners are considered hazardous on occurs, use of a NIOSH approtion II should be considered.	agents; strong alkalis and strong mineral acids.  Will Not Occur  aterials and dispose of in may be disposed of through normal waste.  wever, if exposure limits (see Section poed respirator suitable for the	
ECTION VI: REACTIVITY DATA  Stability:  Hazardous Decomposition Products:  ECTION VII: SPILL OR LEAK PROCE  Steps to be Taken in Case Material is Released or Spilled:  Waste Disposal Method:  ECTION VIII: SPECIAL PROTECTION  Respiratory Protection:	Burning can produce carbon monoxide, carbon dioxide and phosgene gas  EDURES  Ventilate area. Remove all sources of accordance with all local, state and fer Do not puncture or incinerate aerosol channels. Full or partially filled contains in the Normally required when good ger II) are exceeded or respiratory irritations.	Hazardous Polymerization:  of ignition. Clean up with inert mederal regulations. I containers. Empty containers riners are considered hazardous meral ventilation is provided. How on occurs, use of a NIOSH approtion II should be considered.  cal exhaust ventilation may be n	agents; strong alkalis and strong mineral acids.  Will Not Occur  aterials and dispose of in may be disposed of through normal waste.  wever, if exposure limits (see Section oved respirator suitable for the ecessary for some operations.	
ECTION VI: REACTIVITY DATA  Stability:  Hazardous Decomposition Products:  ECTION VII: SPILL OR LEAK PROCE  Steps to be Taken in Case Material is Released or Spilled:  Waste Disposal Method:  ECTION VIII: SPECIAL PROTECTION  Respiratory Protection:  Ventilation:	Burning can produce carbon monoxide, carbon dioxide and phosgene gas  EDURES  Ventilate area. Remove all sources of accordance with all local, state and ferman point puncture or incinerate aerosol channels. Full or partially filled contains in the contains of the contains are considered by the contains are contained by the cont	Hazardous Polymerization:  of ignition. Clean up with inert mederal regulations. I containers. Empty containers riners are considered hazardous meral ventilation is provided. How on occurs, use of a NIOSH approtion II should be considered.  cal exhaust ventilation may be n	agents; strong alkalis and strong mineral acids.  Will Not Occur  aterials and dispose of in may be disposed of through normal waste.  wever, if exposure limits (see Section oved respirator suitable for the ecessary for some operations.	

Precautions; Handling & Storing: Do not puncture or incinerate container. Do not use or store product near heat, sparks or open flame. Do

not store in direct sunlight or above 120 F. High temperatures may cause container to burst. Wash

Supercedes:

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thoroughly after handling.

Other Precautions: Keep out of reach of children.

© SCC 03/25/2008 Title: Name: Ronald T. Cook Manager, Regulatory Affairs Effective Date: 03/25/2008

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Ref: 29 CFR 1910.1200 (OSHA)

Changes: General Update

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