

CORCO CHEMICAL CORPORATION

Manufacturers of ACS Reagents and Semiconductor Grade Chemicals

SAFETY DATA SHEET

SULFURIC ACID

1. IDENTIFICATION

Product identifier: SULFURIC ACID

Product Code Number: S600, S600/35

Company Identification: Corco Chemical Corporation
299 Cedar Lane
Fairless Hills, PA 19030
Phone: 215-295-5006
Fax: 215-295-0781

24 Hour Emergency Telephone Number: CHEMTREC (U.S.): 1-800-424-9300
CHEMTREC (Outside U.S. 1-703-527-3887)

Trade Name: Sulfuric Acid, Reagent ACS
Synonyms: Sulphuric Acid
Chemical Formula: H₂SO₄

Product Use: Process chemical, Laboratory and scientific research and development

2. HAZARD(S) IDENTIFICATION

Physical hazards Not classified.

Health hazards

Skin corrosion/irritation	Category 1
Serious eye damage/eye irritation	Category 1
Specific target organ toxicity, single exposure	Category (respiratory system)
Specific target organ toxicity, repeated Exposure	Category 1 (respiratory system)
OSHA hazard(s)	Not classified.

Label elements



Signal word **Danger**

Hazard statement: Causes severe skin burns and eye damage. Causes serious eye damage. Causes damage to organs (respiratory system). Causes damage to organs (respiratory system) through prolonged or repeated exposure. Harmful to aquatic life. Harmful to aquatic life with long lasting effects.

Precautionary statement

Prevention: Do not breathe mist or vapor. Use with adequate ventilation. Wash thoroughly after handling. Do not eat, drink or smoke when using this product. Wear protective gloves/protective clothing/eye protection/face protection. Keep in tightly closed container. Loosen closure carefully. Do not add water to contents while in container because of violent reaction. In case of spill, flush away by flooding with water applied quickly to entire spill. Neutralize washings with lime or soda ash. In case of contact, immediately flush eyes or skin with plenty of water for at least 15 minutes while removing contaminated clothing and shoes. If swallowed, do not give emetics.

If in eyes: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing. Immediately call a POISON CENTER or doctor/physician.

Storage: Store locked up.

Disposal: Dispose of contents/container to an appropriate treatment and disposal facility in accordance with applicable laws and regulations, and product characteristics at time of disposal.

3. Composition/information on ingredients

CAS Number: 7664-93-9

EC Number: 231-639-5

Index Number: 016-020-00-8

Molecular Weight: 98.08 g/mol

<u>Ingredient</u>	<u>CAS Number</u>	<u>EC Number</u>	<u>Percent Hazardous</u>	<u>Chemical Characterization</u>
Sulfuric Acid	7664-93-9	231-639-5	35 -95% Yes	Substance
Water	7732-18-5	231-791-2	10 -65% No	Mixture

4. First-aid measures

In all cases, immediately call a POISON CENTER or doctor/ physician.

Inhalation: Remove to fresh air. If not breathing, give artificial respiration. If breathing is difficult, give Oxygen. Call a physician immediately.

Ingestion: DO NOT INDUCE VOMITING! Give large quantities of water. Never give anything by mouth to an unconscious person. Call a physician immediately.

Skin Contact: In case of contact, immediately flush skin with plenty of water for at least 15 minutes while removing contaminated clothing and shoes. Wash clothing before reuse. Excess acid on skin can be neutralized with a 2% solution of bicarbonate of soda. Call a physician immediately.

Eye Contact: Immediately flush eyes with plenty of water for at least 15 minutes, lifting lower and upper eyelids occasionally. Call a physician immediately.

General information: Ensure that medical personnel are aware of the material(s) involved, and take precautions to protect themselves. Wash contaminated clothing before reuse.

5. Fire-fighting measures

Fire: Concentrated material is a strong dehydrating agent. Reacts with organic materials and may cause ignition of finely divided materials on contact.

Explosion: Contact with most metals causes formation of flammable and explosive Hydrogen gas.

Fire Extinguishing Media: Dry chemical, foam or Carbon Dioxide. Do not use water on material. However, water spray may be used to keep fire exposed containers cool.

Special Information: In the event of a fire, wear full protective clothing and NIOSH-approved self-contained breathing apparatus with full face piece operated in the pressure demand or other positive pressure mode. Structural firefighter's protective clothing is ineffective for fires involving this material. Stay away from sealed containers.

6. Accidental Release Measures

Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures: Keep unnecessary personnel away. Local authorities should be advised if significant spillages cannot be contained. Do not touch damaged containers or spilled material unless wearing appropriate protective clothing. Keep people away from and upwind of spill/leak. Keep upwind. Keep out of low areas. Ensure adequate ventilation. Wear appropriate personal protective equipment.

Environmental Precautions and Methods and Materials for Containment and Cleaning Up: Contain and recover liquid when possible. Do not let product enter drains. Neutralize with alkaline material (soda ash, lime,) then absorb with an inert material (e. g., vermiculite, dry sand, earth,) and place in a chemical waste container. Do not use combustible materials, such as saw dust. Do not flush to sewer! US Regulations (CERCLA) require reporting spills and releases to soil, water and air in excess of reportable quantities. The toll free number for the US Coast Guard National Response Center is (800) 424-8802.

7. Handling and storage

Precautions for safe handling: Do not allow water to get into container because of a violent reaction. Do not breathe mist or vapor. Do not get this material in contact with eyes. Do not get this material in contact with skin. Do not get this material on clothing. Avoid prolonged exposure. Wash hands thoroughly after handling. Avoid release to the environment. Do not empty into drains. Conditions for safe storage,

including any incompatibilities. Store locked up. Keep the container dry. Keep container tightly closed. Store in a cool, dry place out of direct sunlight.

8. Exposure controls/personal protection

Airborne Exposure Limits:

For Sulfuric Acid: OSHA Permissible Exposure Limit (PEL) - 1 mg/m³ (TWA)
ACGIH Threshold Limit Value (TLV) - 0.2 mg/m³(T) (TWA)
A2 Suspected Human Carcinogen for sulfuric acid contained in strong inorganic mists.

Ventilation System: A system of local and / or general exhaust is recommended to keep employee exposures below the Airborne Exposure Limits. Local exhaust ventilation is generally preferred because it can control the emissions of the contaminant at its source, preventing dispersion of it into the general work area. Please refer to the ACGIH document, Industrial Ventilation, A Manual of Recommended Practices, most recent edition, for details.

Personal Respirators (NIOSH Approved): If the exposure limit is exceeded and engineering controls are not feasible, a full face piece respirator with an acid gas cartridge and particulate filter (NIOSH type N100 filter) may be worn up to 50 times the exposure limit, or the maximum use concentration specified by the appropriate regulatory agency or respirator supplier, whichever is lowest. If oil particles (e.g. lubricants, cutting fluids, Glycerine, etc.) are present, use a NIOSH type R or P particulate filter. For emergencies or instances where the exposure levels are not known, use a full face piece positive-pressure, air-supplied respirator. **WARNING:** Air purifying respirators do not protect workers in Oxygen-deficient atmospheres.

Skin Protection: Wear impervious protective clothing, including boots, gloves, lab coat, apron or coveralls, as appropriate, to prevent skin contact.

Eye Protection: Use chemical safety goggles and / or a full face shield where splashing is possible. Maintain eye wash fountain and quick-drench facilities in work area.

General hygiene considerations: When using, do not eat, drink or smoke. Do not get in eyes. Do not get this material in contact with skin. Do not get this material on clothing. Wash hands before breaks and immediately after handling the product. Handle in accordance with good industrial hygiene and safety practice.

9. Physical and chemical properties

Appearance: Clear oily liquid

Odor: Odorless

Odor Threshold: Not determined

pH: 1 N solution (ca. 5% w/w) = 0.3; 0.1 N solution (ca. 0.5% w/w) = 1.2; 0.01 N solution (ca. 0.05% w/w) = 2.1

% Volatiles by volume @ 21C (70F): No information found

Melting Point: 3C (100%), -32C (93%), -38C (78%), -64C (65%)

Boiling Point / Boiling Range: ca. 290C (ca. 554F) (decomposes at 340C)

Flash Point: Not applicable

Evaporation Rate (BuAC=1): Not determined

Flammability: Not applicable

Upper / Lower Flammability or Explosive Limits: Not applicable

Vapor Pressure (mm Hg): 1 @ 145.8C (295F)

Vapor Density (Air=1): 3.4

Relative Density: 1.84 g/cm³ at 25 °C (77 °F)

Solubility: 100 g/100 ml water @ 100C (212F). 1g/13mL cold water

Partition Coefficient: n-octanol / water: No data available

Auto-ignition Temperature: No data available

Decomposition Temperature: No data available

Viscosity: No data available

10. Stability and reactivity

Reactivity: Not available.

Chemical stability: Material is stable under normal conditions.

Possibility of hazardous reactions: Hazardous polymerization does not occur.

Conditions to avoid: Exposure to moisture. Exposure to water vapor. Reacts violently with strong alkaline substances. This product may react with reducing agents. Do not mix with other chemicals.

Incompatible materials: Incompatible with bases. This product may react with reducing agents. Contact with metals may evolve flammable hydrogen gas.

Hazardous decomposition products: No hazardous decomposition products are known.

11. Toxicological information

Emergency Overview: POISON! DANGER! CORROSIVE. LIQUID AND MIST CAUSE SEVERE BURNS TO ALL BODY TISSUE. MAY BE FATAL IF SWALLOWED OR CONTACTED WITH SKIN. HARMFUL IF INHALED.

AFFECTS TEETH. WATER REACTIVE. CANCER HAZARD. STRONG INORGANIC ACID MISTS CONTAINING SULFURIC ACID CAN CAUSE CANCER. Risk of cancer depends on duration and level of exposure.

Potential Health Effects:

Inhalation: Inhalation produces damaging effects on the mucous membranes and upper respiratory tract. Symptoms may include irritation of the nose and throat, and labored breathing. May cause lung edema, a medical emergency.

Ingestion: Corrosive. Swallowing can cause severe burns of the mouth, throat, and stomach, leading to death. Can cause sore throat, vomiting, diarrhea. Circulatory collapse with clammy skin, weak and rapid pulse, shallow respirations, and scanty urine may follow ingestion or skin contact. Circulatory shock is often the immediate cause of death.

Skin Contact: Corrosive. Symptoms of redness, pain, and severe burn can occur. Circulatory collapse with clammy skin, weak and rapid pulse, shallow respirations, and scanty urine may follow skin contact or ingestion. Circulatory shock is often the immediate cause of death.

Eye Contact: Corrosive. Contact can cause blurred vision, redness, pain and severe tissue burns. Can cause blindness.

Chronic Exposure: Long-term exposure to mist or vapors may cause damage to teeth. Chronic exposure to mists containing sulfuric acid is a cancer hazard.

Aggravation of Pre-existing Conditions: Persons with pre-existing skin disorders or eye disease may be more susceptible to the effects of this substance.

Carcinogenicity: Cancer Status: The International Agency for Research on Cancer (IARC) has classified "strong inorganic acid mists containing sulfuric acid" as a known human carcinogen, (IARC category 1). This classification applies only to mists containing sulfuric acid and not to sulfuric acid or sulfuric acid solutions.

Specific Target Organ Toxicity - Single Exposure (Globally Harmonized System:)
No data available.

Specific Target Organ Toxicity - Repeated Exposure (Globally Harmonized System:) No data available.

Numerical Measures of Toxicity: Cancer Lists: NTP Carcinogen

Ingredient	Known	Anticipated	ARC Category
Sulfuric Acid (7664-93-9)	No	No	None
Water (7732-18-5)	No	No	None

Acute Toxicity:

Oral rat LD50: 2140 mg/kg; inhalation rat LC50: 510 mg/m³/2H; standard Draize, eye rabbit, 250 ug (severe) Investigated as a tumorigen, mutagen, reproductive effector.

12. Ecological information

Ecotoxicity: This material is expected to be toxic to aquatic life.

LC50 Flounder 100 to 330 mg/l/48 hr aerated water / Conditions of bioassay not specified.

LC50 Shrimp 80 to 90 mg/l/48 hr aerated water / Conditions of bioassay not specified.

LC50 Prawn 42.5 ppm/48 hr salt water / Conditions of bioassay not specified.

Persistence and Degradability: Expected to readily biodegrade.

Bioaccumulative Potential: No further relevant information available.

Mobility in Soil: When released into the soil, this material may leach into groundwater.

Other adverse effects: US Regulations (CERCLA) require reporting spills and releases to soil, water and air in excess of reportable quantities. The toll free number for the US Coast Guard National Response Center is (800) 424-8802.

13. Disposal considerations

Disposal instructions: Collect and reclaim or dispose in sealed containers at licensed waste disposal site. This material and its container must be disposed of as hazardous waste. Do not allow this material to drain into sewers/water supplies. Do not contaminate ponds, waterways or ditches with chemical or used container. Neutralize and flush solution into sewer connected to wastewater treatment system in compliance with applicable laws and regulations. Dispose of contents/container in accordance with local/regional/national/international regulations.

Local disposal regulations Not available.

Hazardous waste code D002: Waste Corrosive material [pH \leq 2 or \geq 12.5, or corrosive to steel] Waste from residues / unused products Dispose of in accordance with local regulations. Empty containers or liners may retain some product residues. This material and its container must be disposed of in a safe manner (see: Disposal instructions). Taking into account local regulations the product may be disposed of as waste water after neutralisation.

Contaminated packaging: Empty containers should be taken to an approved waste handling site for recycling or disposal. Since emptied containers may retain product residue, follow label warnings even after container is emptied.

14. Transportation Information

UN Number: UN1830

UN Proper Shipping Name: SULFURIC ACID, with more than 51% acid

UN Number: UN2796

UN Proper Shipping Name: SULFURIC ACID, with not more than 51% acid

Packing Group: II

DOT / IMDG / IATA



Land Transport ADR/RID and GGVS/GGVE (Cross Border / Domestic)
Transport Hazard Class(es): 8

Maritime Transport IMDG/GGVSea Transport Hazard Class(es): 8

Marine Pollutant: No

Air Transport ICAO-TI and IATA-DGR Transport Hazard Class(es): 8

Transport in Bulk According to Annex II of MARPOL 73/78 and the IBC Code

Special Precautions for User: Warning: Corrosive Substances

15. Regulatory information

US federal regulations All components are on the U.S. EPA TSCA Inventory List.

TSCA Section 12(b) Export Notification (40 CFR 707, Subpt. D)

Not regulated.

US. OSHA Specifically Regulated Substances (29 CFR 1910.1001-1050)

Not on regulatory list.

CERCLA Hazardous Substance List (40 CFR 302.4)

SULFURIC ACID (CAS 7664-93-9) LISTED

Superfund Amendments and Reauthorization Act of 1986 (SARA)

Hazard categories Immediate Hazard - Yes
Delayed Hazard - Yes
Fire Hazard - No
Pressure Hazard - No
Reactivity Hazard - No

SARA 302 Extremely hazardous substance

Yes

SARA 311/312 Hazardous chemical

No

Other federal regulations

Clean Air Act (CAA) Section 112 Hazardous Air Pollutants (HAPs) List

Not regulated.

Clean Air Act (CAA) Section 112(r) Accidental Release Prevention (40 CFR 68.130)

Not regulated.

Clean Water Act (CWA) Section 112(r) (40 CFR 68.130)

Hazardous substance

Safe Drinking Water Act (SDWA)

Drug Enforcement Administration (DEA). List 2, Essential Chemicals (21 CFR 1310.02(b) and 1310.04(f)(2) and Chemical Code Number

SULFURIC ACID (CAS 7664-93-9) 6552

Drug Enforcement Administration (DEA). List 1 & 2 Exempt Chemical Mixtures (21 CFR 1310.12(c))

SULFURIC ACID (CAS 7664-93-9) 20 %WV

DEA Exempt Chemical Mixtures Code Number

SULFURIC ACID (CAS 7664-93-9) 6552

Food and Drug Administration (FDA)

Not regulated.

US state regulations California Safe Drinking Water and Toxic Enforcement Act of 1986 (Proposition 65): This material is not known to contain any chemicals currently listed as carcinogens or reproductive toxins.

Not regulated.

US. Massachusetts RTK - Substance List: SULFURIC ACID (CAS 7664-93-9)

US. New Jersey Worker and Community Right-to-Know Act: SULFURIC ACID (CAS 7664-93-9) 500 LBS

US. Pennsylvania RTK - Hazardous Substances

SULFURIC ACID (CAS 7664-93-9)

US. Rhode Island RTK

SULFURIC ACID (CAS 7664-93-9)

US - California Proposition 65 - Carcinogens & Reproductive Toxicity (CRT):

Listed substance: Not listed.

International Inventories

Country(s) or region	Inventory name	On inventory (yes/no)*
Australia	Australian Inventory of Chemical Substances (AICS)	Yes
Canada	Domestic Substances List (DSL)	Yes
Canada	Non-Domestic Substances List (NDSL)	No
China	Inventory of Existing Chemical Substances in China (IECSC)	Yes
Europe	European Inventory of Existing Commercial Chemical Substances (EINECS)	Yes
Europe	European List of Notified Chemical Substances (ELINCS)	No
Japan	Inventory of Existing and New Chemical Substances (ENCS)	Yes
Korea	Existing Chemicals List (ECL)	Yes
New Zealand	New Zealand Inventory	Yes
Philippines	Philippine Inventory of Chemicals and Chemical Substances (PICCS)	Yes
United States & Puerto Rico	Toxic Substances Control Act (TSCA) Inventory	Yes

*A "Yes" indicates this product complies with the inventory requirements administered by the governing country(s)

16. Other information

Disclaimer - The information in the sheet was written based on the best knowledge and experience currently available. The information given is designed only as a guidance for safe handling, use, processing, storage, transportation, disposal and release and is not to be considered a warranty or quality specification. The information relates only to the specific material designated and may not be valid for such material used in combination with any other materials or in any process, unless specified in the text.

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